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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/805,238	03/22/2004	Takeshi Kijima	119169	9039
25944 7	590 11/03/2005	EXAMINER		
OLIFF & BERRIDGE, PLC			WILSON, CHRISTIAN D	
P.O. BOX 19928			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22320			2891	

DATE MAILED: 11/03/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary		Appli	cation No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)			
		10/80	05,238	KIJIMA ET AL.				
		Exam	iner	Art Unit				
		Christ	ian Wilson	2891				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appears or	the cover sheet w	with the correspondence a	ddress			
WHI( - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE M nsions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comn operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum state to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months a ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	AILING DATE OF of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In a nunication. atutory period will apply a will, by statute, cause the	THIS COMMUN no event, however, may a nd will expire SIX (6) MC a application to become a	IICATION. a reply be timely filed  DNTHS from the mailing date of this ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on						
2a)□		2b)⊠ This action	is non-final.					
3)	·							
·	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
4)⊠	4) Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)□	☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	tion and/or election	on requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9)	The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.						
10)🖂	The drawing(s) filed on <u>22 March 200</u>	<u>04</u> is/are: a)□ ac	cepted or b) 🗌 ol	bjected to by the Examine	er.			
	Applicant may not request that any object	ction to the drawing	(s) be held in abeya	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>								
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔯 Inforr	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or r No(s)/Mail Date <u>03222004, 10042005</u> .		Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PT arch history.	O-152)			

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1, 3-7, and 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Summerfelt.

Summerfelt (US 6,117,689) discloses a method of manufacturing an electrode by forming initial crystal nuclei 70 of an electrode material over a substrate 30 in an island pattern [Figure 11b], forming grown layers of the electrode material by causing the initial crystal nuclei to be grown [column 9, lines 1-10], where the substrate temperature is higher in the first step than in the second step [column 9, lines 20-30].

Regarding claim 3, Summerfelt discloses a method of manufacturing an electrode by forming by sputtering [column 3, line 30] initial crystal nuclei 70 of an electrode material over a substrate 30 in an island pattern [Figure 11b] and forming grown layers by evaporation [column 6, line 25] of the electrode material by causing the initial crystal nuclei to be grown [column 9, lines 1-10]. Summerfelt does not discuss the energy of the particles during these growth processes, but the applicant discloses in the specification [0069] that sputtering forms particles with an inherently higher energy than evaporation. Therefore, Summerfelt inherently discloses a

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method where the first growth process (sputtering) forms particles with a higher energy than the second growth process (evaporation).

Regarding claim 4, Summerfelt further discloses a first growth method of sputtering [column 3, line 30] and a second growth method of evaporation [column 6, line 25].

Regarding claim 5, Summerfelt further discloses forming a plurality of stacked electrodes by repeating the growth steps [column 2, lines 10-20].

Regarding claim 6, Summerfelt further discloses performing a heat treatment [column 10, line 61].

Regarding claim 7, Summerfelt further discloses forming an electrode of platinum (Pt) [column 7, line 45].

Regarding claims 10 – 12, it is noted that product-by-process claims are not limited to the manipulations of the recited steps, only the structure implied by the steps. "[E]ven though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process." In re Thorpe, 777 F.2d 695, 698, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985). Since Summerfelt discloses the electrode, ferroelectric memory, and semiconductor device [column 2, lines 60-65] as claimed in claims 10 – 12, the claimed devices are not patentably distinct from those of Summerfelt.

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# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Summerfelt in view of Norga *et al*.

Summerfelt teaches a two step growth method where the first step is performed at 600 °C and the second step is performed at a lower temperature than the first step [column 9, line 25], but does not discuss a second temperature lower than 200 °C. Norga *et al.* (US 6,545,856) teaches a second growth step with a temperature lower than 200 °C [column 9, lines 55-65]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the second temperature of Norga *et al.* in the method of Summerfelt since Summerfelt teaches that this temperature would prevent the growth of many small grains which allows oxygen diffusion through the electrode material [column 2, lines 20-40].

5. Claims 8 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Summerfelt in view of Basceri *et al*.

Summerfelt teaches a diffusion barrier layer 42, but does not discuss forming the layer after forming the electrode material with ruthenium (Ru), ruthenium oxide (RuO<sub>2</sub>), hafnium oxide (HfO<sub>2</sub>), or aluminum oxide (Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>). Basceri *et al.* (US 6,534,357) teaches a diffusion barrier layer over an electrode material formed of the claimed species [column 5, lines 40-45]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the diffusion barrier layer of

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Basceri *et al.* in the method of Summerfelt since this layer prevent oxygen permeation to the electrode material [column 5, lines 50-55].

## Conclusion

- 6. A copy of the search history is enclosed.
- 7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christian Wilson whose telephone number is (571) 272-1886. The examiner can normally be reached on weekdays, 7:30 AM to 4 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bill Baumeister can be reached on (571) 272-1722. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Christian Wilson, Ph.D. Primary Examiner

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